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The Calgary Herald.

MINING AND RANCHE ADVOCATE AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

VOLUME 2, NO. 36. CALGARY, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1885 WHOLE NUMBER 88

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THE MAMMOTH STORE!

Spring 1885. — New Goods.

We beg to advise our friends and customers that we are offering for this season's trade a more than usually attractive assortment in the various lines of goods to which we specially devote our attention, among which we would mention:

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The newest material, and splendid wearing stuff can be had from us.
Dress Goods in large variety. Nun's Veiling and Dress Muslin—plain, striped, checked, printed, &c.
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Umbrellas and Parasols in any color and description of handle.
Our stock of Ladies Trimmed Hats and Bonnets have been most carefully selected, and amongst them will be found all the latest styles.
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Fancy Goods in all the recent Novelties Ladies Underwear.
Ladies' Circulars in Silver Grey, Black, &c. Some of the latest patterns in Lisse Frilling, all colors.
Children's Jersey Dresses. Boys and Youths Jersey Suits.

LADIES', MISSES' & CHILDREN'S BOOTS AND SHOES.

As we have always carried a large stock of these goods, our selection this spring will be found the most complete assortment ever handled, and comprises some of the best makes. Our Ladies' Kid Boots are made especially for us, and being all hand sown we guarantee them for quality and elegance.

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Boots and Shoes, large assortment.
White, Colored and Regatta Shirts, Collars, &c. Try our White Shirt at 90c.
Gloves—Kid, Goat and Buckskin Some novelties in Fancy and Plain Ties and Scarfs.
Hats and Caps, a large variety.
Suits of all sizes, and some of the latest styles and pattern, as a visit to our store will convince you.

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We also carry a large and well selected stock of Groceries and Provisions, which will be found of the finest and freshest, including Cheese & Blackwell's goods, Huntley & Palmer & Peek Frean & Co.'s English Biscuit, in 3 lb tins. Having bought a large lot of English Breakfast Teas, in 5 lb and 10 lb caddies, which are of the finest flavours, any one wanting a good cup of tea should try the above. Samples mailed free on application. Once tried you will drink no other. Fresh Ground Coffees. Also quite an assortment of fresh made Biscuits, including Coffee, Arrowroot, Abernethy, Wine, Vanilla, Water and Soda.

No trouble to show goods whether you want to buy or not. If you come we will treat you courteously.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Dissolution of Partnership.

The Co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. The liabilities are assumed by John C. Innes, to whom all debts due the partnership are to be paid.

DAVID KENNEDY.
JOHN C. INNES.

Calgary, April 27, 1885. 88 3

Assistant Lady Teacher Wanted.

The Trustees will receive applications up to May 14, instant, for the position of assistant teacher in Calgary Public School, No. 10. Salary not to exceed a rate of $400 per annum. Duties to commence about 18th May. Address stating qualifications.

CHAS. W. PETERSON,
Secretary Trustee Board.

20 Sheep Shearers.

Wanted at the British American Ranch, by June 1st. Piece paid per head, same as in Montana. Apply immediately by letter to Calgary P.O.

W. D. KERFOOT,
Manager.

88 tf

For Sale.

A band of Sheep, consisting of 3,500 Ewes and 2,400 Wethers, all of one age—two years old this spring. The Ewes will commence lambing May 1st. They wintered on the Missouri River, near the mouth of Smith River. For particulars apply to

H. P. HAMILL,
Sun River, Montana.

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A Mutual Stand off.

Give Bull's Head, chief of all the Sarcees—a tribe numbering 10 men, 57 squaws, and several children—a cigar, put him on the platform of I. G. Baker's store and tell him to look like Napoleon, and he's there every time. With his left hand resting on his left hip, his body carved back like Grecian bend on the wrong side, and his right hand daintily toying with his Havana, he is an Indian exquisite,—a dude of the first water. This was apparent on Tuesday last when he brought in his tribe to have a grub dance for the benefit of the paleface warriors. Bull's Head was in a state of glory which has not visited him since Inspector McIlree took him by the necktie and snatched him off to the guard-room. His men squatted round in circle, the tom-tom in the midst and the fun commenced, while the 9th battalion and the men of the 92nd, who were yet in town gathered near and looked in wonder at the heathen fight. There were several ladies there also and no doubt the paleskins reminded themselves ably that since Poundmaker had won a white wife, their turn might come.

To those who have seen the Sarcee grub dance, there is nothing to be described, except that there were on enormous number of children posing as warriors on the occasion. A variety however was introduced by Col. Amyot which deserves record on account of its suggestiveness. After the grub dance was over, Col. Amyot put the 9th battalion through the bayonet exercise for the benefit of the dusky visitors.

The Sarcees had never seen a bayonet exercise before and their eyes protruded at the sight to such an extent that they would have served readily as hat-pegs. Mr. Begg stated one of them how it struck him and the answer seemed to be satisfactory for Mr. Begg laughed heartily.

After the dance at the Fort, the braves proceeded to the corner of I. G. Baker's and went through a very similar performance W. Bowen brought out some tea, tobacco and biscuits to them and the poor creatures lost all their Indian decorum in their delight at the welcome presents.

The Courier Service.

Our genial friend Jack Cummings is now taking charge of the courier service between Calgary and Edmonton. As some of the best horses in the district are the property of Cumming's stable, efficiency of the service is assured.

Half-breed Commission.

The letter which appears in another column, signed "One Interested," takes exception to the insufficiency of the notice given that the halfbreed commission will sit in Calgary to-morrow and next day, and to the insufficiency of the information given generally concerning its objects the length of its sittings the nature of the evidence required, &c. No doubt a good deal of this is true, but we are inclined to think that the mission of the commissioners is more general than specific, and more to assure the halfbreeds throughout the country of the government's intention to deal squarely with them than directly to issue scrip in individual cases.

It is true that we derive this impression chiefly from the shortness of the sittings. A proper investigation in to the half-breed claims of the district certainly could not be concluded in two days, but a simple registration of the names and claims of those who settled in the country before July 15 h 1870 could. The general notice of the sittings issued some weeks ago says that the commissioners have authority "to make an enumeration of the half-breeds, who previous to the 15th July, 1870, were resident within the coded portions of the Northwest territories, and outside the limits of the original province of Manitoba, and to issue certificates to such half-breeds as shall establish their claims in regard to the extinguishing of the Indian title (vide sub-section E, section 81, Dom. Lands Act.

We should rather find fault that the commission is not broad enough. No doubt it is satisfactory that the claims of those who were here 14 years ago should now be investigated, but as 14 years in this country is a record of progress greater than that of 50 years in the east, we should have been glad to have observed that the claims of settlers since 1870 were also to be investigated.

However, it must not be forgotten that this commission is strictly a halfbreed one and that it is seemingly intended to grant the halfbreeds of the Northwest Territories pretty similar privileges to those secured to the Manitoba half-breeds at the time of the Red River troubles.

Evidently the commission is not going to take the work of the officers of the Dominion Lands department upon their shoulders. As the majority of settlers in Calgary district would not object if they did, it is probable that the majority of settlers here about will be disappointed with their work. Nevertheless the work that the commission does will do will be a good one although it does not go far enough. At least it can be said it is a commencement and that a commission to deal with claims since 1870 will follow.

In regard to the work already done by the commission, Le Manitoba, the organ of the Metis, says:—

"Reliable news from Qu'Appelle informs us that the Metis of that place have received at least 130 scrips of $160, and $240 each, the commissioners showed themselves very considerate to the Metis; only one man having refused these scrips, Xavier Donoume. Mr. Street is also said to be charmingly courteous, his two companions are well known to us. It is plain that if a commission of this kind had been appointed at the commencement of the trouble, the horrible catastrophe into which we have fallen would have been avoided."

Indian Agent Begg.

Magnus Begg, Indian agent, has just returned from the Sarcee reserve where he has been talking to the Indians, as Rev. Mr. McDougall puts it, "like a Dutch Uncle." He is now on his way to the Stony reserve where he will probably repeat the interesting performance. Mr. Begg may fairly consider himself as something in the way of an old-timer,—at least as far as the Indian department is concerned. He began in the department seven years ago as farm instructor and has gradually worked himself up until he is now agent for the Blackfoot, Sarcee and Stony reserves. There are few Indian agents in the country who have had as much experience and perhaps not one who has had the same good fortune in the department as Mr. Begg. He shares with Capt. Denny the reputation of being the most popular government agent amongst the Indians in this part of the country.

Settlers Rights' Association.

The following taken from the leading article in the Montreal Herald of the 25th ult. is meant for the London Times which had a cablegram of the Alberta Settlers' Rights resolutions of some time ago.

We are surprised that the Times could be so exceedingly unsophisticated as to interpret the resolution passed by the white settlers of "Alberta," or rather of a few square miles of the Calgary district, to mean serious disaffection. It ought to know that when men of the Anglo-Saxon race are in a mood for grumbling and for passing resolutions of indignation, they are not very particular as to the terms they use. It is more than probable that the very men who spoke most loudly in favor of the settlers' rights resolutions are now marching to the front, either to relieve Battleford or to punish Riel. The settlers of Alberta are not the men to join the half-breeds and Indians in a war against their own race. Whatever their private grievances may be they are loyal to the core and as true as steel.

A Soldier's Burial.

Even before they reach the scene of fighting, the 9th battalion of Quebec are learning something of the horrors of war. Yesterday they buried one of their men and received news that another of them—Lt. Pelletier, at present serving with B battery—had been wounded in the fight at Poundmaker's reserve. The day before that they received intelligence that Private Blais, of No. 8 Co., had died on the 30th ult. in the hospital at Winnipeg.

Private Marois, who was buried yesterday, was a resident of Quebec city, where he has a wife and family. At Swift Current he was attacked with inflamation of the lungs—caused by the hardships and exposure of the march along the north shore of Lake Superior—and went to the hospital there, where, in spite of every care, he died.

On Monday the body was brought to Calgary and taken to the barracks where it lay for the night, guarded and candles burning. A brother of the deceased kept watch over the body through the night. Yesterday the regiment to which Marois belonged, No. 4 Company of the Winnipeg Light Infantry, Col. Ouimet of the 65th, of Montreal, Major Brisbois and a con course of private citizens attended the service which was conducted at the Mission Chapel by Rev. Pere Lacombe.

The Mission chapel has never before witnessed so impressive a ceremony. Major Lavasseur, who is well known in Quebec musical circles, conducted the musical service while a strong choir taken from the regiment rendered the service with marked feeling. Father Lacombe gave a powerful adress in which he stated that he had not during a missionary career in this country of 35 years, been called upon to hold a service to a like body of French Canadians.

After the service the procession was reformed and marched to the cemetery grounds. There by the hillside, he was laid to rest in his far-away grave among the pioneers who until now had been the sole occupants of the lonely spot. A group of Indians stood on the summit of the hill which rises above the burial ground, while the company to which Marois belonged fired the parting salute and citizens and soldiers reverentially uncovered as the body was lowered into the grave.

For the information of the friends we give the names of the pall-bearers: Sergt. Philippe Miller, Sergt. O'ivier Matte, Private Theophile Ganjou, Pierre Plamandon. Octave Landry and Joseph Smith.

Col. Irvine.

There are two things which, with all due respect to the Macleod Gazette, will engaged the attention of the historian of the campaign after the troubles are over. The first of these is the official report of the Duck Lake fight, and the second is the extraordinary inactivity during all these weeks of the force under Col. Irvine at Prince Albert.

It is a very curious thing about that Duck Lake fight that an air of mystery seems to surround it still and that no account of the battle has yet reached the public. Is there anything to be ashamed of in the fight? If there had been we should probably have learnt that much from the half-breed accounts. It is unfortunate to say the least that we are still at this distance of time in absolute ignorance of either of the fight occurred, how the burden seemed to fall on the volunteers, and how the dead were left so long on the field. These are matters which should have been cleared up long ago.

But if the Duck Lake affair is still a mystery, it is much more a mystery how it occurs that Col. Irvine with nearly 500 armed men, including police and volunteers, under him has remained pent up in Prince Albert without moving a hand. Cannot this force attack the half-breeds in the rear, or advance to join Middleton and put the rebels between two fires? We are not regarding the matter from a military point of view. If the paralysis which seems to have seized on the Prince Albert garrison, is the correct military aspect of the situation, we would prefer to be back woods men with no notion of tactics but to shoot rebels wherever found and make it so hot for Riel that he could not spare men to attack Middleton as was done at Batoche.

It is of course to be understood that Col. Irvine is subject to Gen. Middleton's orders, but that Middleton allows him a certain discretion and that his representatives must carry a good deal of weight under the circumstances are two indisputable facts. If the garrison at Prince Albert are told to keep in their banks and not show their noses, there must be a reason for it. The public would like to know whether the reason lies in the men or in their commander. It is of course possible that Duck Lake was sufficiently destructive of the reputation of the men to make further experiments of their fighting qualities a mistake. But this is scarcely possible. Five hundred men if properly officered ought to have played into Middleton's hands by this time in a way that would have shortened the rebellion considerably.

It will be an astonishing thing if it will not be found that the continuance of this rebellion has been due as much to the inaction of the garrison at Prince Albert as to any desire the half-breeds have for fighting. The moral effect of such inaction on the rebels must be most pernicious. As the Montreal Herald says on this subject: "A large body of troops, whose special employment in the Northwest was the suppression of crime, have, apparently, for the last month or six weeks been paralyzed spectators of almost every kind of crime." It is a pleasant thing to have to say, but it will take a wonderfully good explanation to disabuse the mind of the public of the idea that the hand which is controlling the forces at Prince Albert is scarcely firm enough for the exigencies of the occasion.

THE WEEK'S TELEGRAMS.

WINNIPEG, May 5.—The wires north of Qu'Appelle are still down.

A carrier arrived from Middleton and reported all well, and that the General was waiting for a gatling before proceeding.

Wednesday's Extra.

SWIFT CURRENT, May 5.—A report has come in by courier that Otter had an engagement with Poundmaker's men on Sunday evening. A detachment came across the Indians 35 miles from Battleford and made an attack. The men fought bravely. There were 8 men killed and a number wounded; the number of Indians killed is reported to be 50. Further news is anxiously awaited.

The following are the names of the killed:—

Corpls. Laurie and Slaight, and Bugler Burke, N.W.M.P.

Rogers and Osgood, of the Governor-General's Foot Guards.

Fawks and Dobb, C Company.

Winder, a teamster.

The following were wounded:—

Sergt. Ward, N.W.M.P.

Lieut. Pelletier, Sergt. Gaffney, Corpl. Martin, and Gunner Reynolds, B Battery.

Sergt.-Major Jackson, C Company

Sergt. Winter.

Sergt. McQuilkin, G.G.F.G.

Sergt. Cooper, Privates Varry and Watts Queen's Own Rifles.

Gilbert, of the Battleford Volunteers.

LATER.

Otter's command numbered 300, comprising the Mounted Police under Herchmer, men from the Queen's Own Rifles, B battery, the Ottawa Foot Guards and C Company, besides mounted volunteers from Battleford. The engagement took place on Poundmaker's reserve, the Indians numbering 600. The fight lasted from five in the morning till noon, and was most hotly contested throughout.

The column made a splendid march. They covered over 35 miles, fought the battle and returned to Battleford, all inside of 30 hours.

WINNIPEG, May 6.—There is no sign yet of an advance on the part of Middleton.

NOTE:—The Indians and half-breeds in town profess to have received intelligence of this fight some hours before it came over the wires. They state that Poundmaker's men were concealed behind a bluff and were lying down waiting for the troops to advance. Their horses were concealed in a ravine behind them. The Indians fired a volley into the troops, many of the latter falling. The troops continuing to advance the Indians retreated, still firing, to their horses and rode away. The troops returned to Battleford the Indians not pursuing. Poundmaker's men have now left the reserve to join Big Bear.

Lt. Pelletier, wounded in the fight is a son of Senator Pelletier of Quebec.

Mr Fraser of the Hudson Bay does not give much credence to the report that the Indians in town know all about the fight. Some of them have been enquiring from him if the report that 50 Indians were killed is true. This would not go to show that they knew much about it.

Transient Traders.

D. W. Bole was brought up before the Mayor this week on a charge of selling cigars in town without having a transient trader's licen e. The case being the first of the kird in Calgary, excited some attention. Constable Ingram testified that Bole had been selling to W. Donahue and others, and the evidence of Donahue confirmed this. Bole contended that he had given I. S. Freeze, customer of his firm, the benefit of the suit. The Mayor fined him $25.

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The Herald Printing & Publishing Co.

PUBLISHERS.

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No contract made for a less period than three months, and advertisements of shorter duration will be charged line rates.

Advertisements inserted until forbid.

The Census and Representation.

It is presumed that the taking of the census of the territories this Summer will not be prosecuted with that ardent zeal which the discussion of the subject at Ottawa, in the earlier part of the session, seemed to promise. Of course Mr. Pope could not tell there was going to be a rebellion through the country—that was not in his department. If he had he would have offered the census commissioners larger premiums. As it is, it will be now almost as difficult to get census commissioners as it will be to get farm instructors for the Indians,—not that the pay is less attractive than it was but that the chances of drawing it are more problematic. It addition to that the population will be more shifting this Summer than usual, and many bona-fide settlers will be either in the militia or in the east. From these and other causes it may fairly be presumed that census taking, this year at least, will be attended with delays that will render the results by Autumn insufficient for all practical purposes.

If the census is practically postponed for a year, the representation of these territories in parliament will be postponed indefinitely. The postponement of representation is such an unmixed evil that it cannot be contemplated without the gravest fears for the result. Irrespective of politics, all classes in the territories have come to recognize that the future peace of the country, after the rebellion is put down depends largely on their having representatives at Ottawa who may keep the government, at all times, fully informed as to the states of feeling in the settled parts of the provisional districts. The rebellion may be considered to have disillusioned the government as to the adequacy of representation by means of government officials. Land agents, Indian agents, inspectors and commissioners [illegible] as well as the numerous waifs, of whom the country is full, who have axes to grind, have proved their utter inability to give the authorities even the slightest intimation that halfbreeds, Indians, or settlers are anything but happy. No government can hope to govern a country without having some idea of the course of public feeling in it. The residents of this country at least cannot unhappily represent their feelings without having the hue and cry of a pack of political deadbeats after them protesting that they are gmt agitators. It has been the case in Calgary, which is peculiarly afflicted with one or two irresponsible correspondents in the eastern press who misrepresent their motives, their aims and their methods. That it is the case elsewhere, the inattention which has been paid to petitions and mass meeting witnesses well. It is unfortunate if the "energetic liars," to quote the Toronto Mail, are to be taken as representing public feeling. Only in one way can public feeling be ascertained, and that is by the old English way of asking the public to send representatives to the national parliament.

While there was any chance of the census being taken within a reasonable time, residents of the territories have held themselves in suspense, believing that representation would be given immediately afterwards. The territorial press with noticeable unanimity refrained from pressing the subject. But now when the census must certainly be delayed, it is to be expected that the principal matter will be urged again.

There seems but a single reason why representation has not yet been granted, and that is because—the centres of population being imperfectly known—the privilege might be unevenly apportioned. But at least the distribution of representatives is a less matter than the returning of them, and that the smaller centres should be over—estimated is a less evil than that the franchise should not be granted. The centres of population can be partly gathered from the returns of members to the Northwest council. The elected members of that council are in a position to estimate the strength of the electors who sent them to Regina, and with this to go upon, a sufficient knowledge would be gained of the comparative population of the district to render the apportionment of representatives not entirely guess-work.

It is a matter of such necessity that we cannot hesitate to take a firm stand in regard to it. It is unaccountable that it should be looked upon as agitators' hobby. It is the gratest privilege that citizens can demand, but it is also the smallest. It is the greatest because it is the token of freemen; it is the smallest because we are supposed to be freemen. No member of the Ottawa parliament has come to this country yet without acknowledging our claim to it. It is equally true that the M. P.'s who have visited us have been, with scarcely an exception, Conservatives. We doubt if there is in fact any civilized country on earth which is so debarred from access to its rulers as the Northwest Territories of Canada.

Something Granted.

It is gratifying that the subject of judicial reform in the Northwest Territories has attracted Sir John McDonald's attention at last, and that some measure of it seems in a fair way to be granted us. Once set the ball rolling; once set out on a policy of reform for the abuses of the territories, and there will be no letting up until representation itself is given us,—the foundation stone of all reform in the administration of the affairs of the country.

There seems in fact little doubt that the troubles occasioned by Riel and the necessity of dealing with them by concession of some of the halfbreed claims, have occasioned a general inquiry at Ottawa is to whether the whole question of Northwest government had not be better overhauled while they are about it. There seems at least a disposition in the government to look at things in this way, and it is a disposition to be fostered. The various petitions from Calgary are at least beginning to attract attention, as Sir John referred to them the other way in terms which seem to show that he is giving them consideration.

This is a great deal gained, for it must be admitted that half the battle is won if the representations of this country have at length gained consideration. As an American paper remarked the other day in regard to the Calgary bill of rights, "there seems nothing revolutionary in the bill, or of a kind which a government could not grant." So in representations hitherto made by settlers in the territories, there is nothing in them of a kind which a government might not grant if only they could succeed in gaining the government's attention.

It is therefore of some moment to us that Sir John declared his intention of improving our judicial system. The system is primitive enough in all conscience, but if its improvement terms out to be but the commencement of a new system of treatment for these Territories, it will deserve hereafter to be regarded with thankfulness.

Mr. Gladstone's Position.

The speech in which Mr. Gladstone moved for a credit of $55,000,000 for the expenses of the Soudan enterprise and for "the special preparation account," is believed to be one of the most powerful he has ever made. The circumstances were certainly special enough to call upon him for a supreme effort. The effect of passing the credit en bloc would be at once to stifle debate on the Soudan muddle and would be a vote of confidence in his ability and desire to deal with Russia as befitted the feeling and honour of the nation.

The following passage in the speech will show the stand the premier took; "we have labored, and we continue to labor, for an honorable settlement; by pacific [illegible] I say with regard to that sad contingency an outbreak of war—a rupture of relations between two great powers like Russia and England—one thing I will say with great strength of conviction and great earnestness, in my endeavor to inpress it upon the committee, that we will strive to conduct ourselves to the end of this diplomatic controversy in such a way as that, if unhappily it is to end in violence or rupture we may at least be able to challenge the verdict of civilized mankind upon a revied of the correspondence, upon a review of the demands and refusals, to say whether we have, or whether we have not done all that men could do, to keep just and honorable effort to prevent the plunging of two such countries, with all the millions that own their sway, into bloodshed and strife."

There in an ominous ring in these words. They seem to show that Mr. Gladstone is convinced that Russia has made up her mind to fight. The way in which this conviction is placed before the English is peculiarly the premier's own, and it is to be believed that no one else in England could have stated it so clearly and delicately at once.

The Russian "preparation" has done one thing not altogether expected of it, it has placed Mr. Gladstone once more firmly in his old commanding position. Whatever havoc the Soudan embroglio played with his position, the Russian controversy has repaired.

A Ranchers Opinion.

Montana Stock Raising—A Picus End—Price of Beef-Range-burning.

F. S. Stimson, manager for the Northwest Ranch Co. has just returned from Montana where he had been to buy horses for the use of the ranch. He brought back 50 geldings with him, leaving 50 brood mares to follow.

In answer to inquiry as to the stock prospects of Montana this season, Mr. Stimson gave vent to the following vigorous opinion.

Stock prospects are better than they were a few months ago, especially in the Musselshell country. The reason for the is found in the fact that there were 38 horse-thieves recently hung there. This has been a great relief to stockmen. You have heard o the recent hanging of Mr Donald and Felix. I believe their bodies made a pious end. Some recently elected deputy sheriffs in Montana are raising a howl about it, but the general opinion is that as farse stock interests were concerned, the hanging was a great success.

How are prices ranging?

Good horses are high, but cayuses and scrubs are cheap. Cattle are high, holding at $35 ahead in the bunch. This is mainly on account of the prospects of war in Europe. The anticipated demand for cattle in consequence is making ranchers unwilling to sell. Besides this the ranches are falling into the hands of large capitalists and these prefer holding on.

How about sheep?

Well, the experiment of mixing cattle and sheep grazing has proved disastrous for the cattle interests. In fact the sheep have eaten them out. South of the Dearborn the range, as far as cattle are concerned is gone, the sheep having eaten it out. On Birch and Depouye creeks, where three years ago there was not a single sheep, there are now 70,000 head, and cattle moving off in consequence. The larger Montana owners are looking to Alberta now for a range, simply because they see that in two or three years the Montana rangers will be eaten bare.

Is there any Riel talk in Montana?

No, not much. I saw in some eastern paper that Riel had made $75,000. Truth is, he wasn't worth a cent, and is regarded across the line more as a horse thief than anything else. He has his runners there; but that is nothing. He had a runner down at High River last summer.

I would just like to say something about the prairie fires we have been having. All the range east of the trail from Pine Creek to Sheep Creek, and from Sheep Creek to High River is burnt, as well as from High River to Pine Coulee, and in every case it has been through carelessness. It is a shame the way some men, who ought to know better, are guilty of negligence in this way. They light a fire to clear ground for themselves, and do not seem to care how far it spreads. Something ought to be done about it.

How about the Ontario conspiracy case?

Well, now, that was a pretty good joke, wasn't it. The Globe seemed to want me pretty bad; that was because I was so far away. They didn't seem to want me when I was east. That's the way with those fellows.

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Look out for our opening announcement in a few days.

RANKIN & ALLAN,

The CALGARY DRY GOODS HOUSE

Vanwart & Son

Have Received their Spring Stock of

Gents' Furnishings !

AND

Boots AND Shoes

Which for Style, Quality and Price, Surpasses any other Stock in Calgary.

ATLANTIC AVENUE,

OPPOSITE C. P. R. STATION.

ALWAYS AHEAD !

Beautiful Stock of

Gold & Silver Watches !

Largest Stock Ever Shown in Calgary.

McINTPRE & DAVIDSON,

CALGARY, Opposite the Post Office.

THE FINEST STOCK OF

Watches and Jewellery !

Silverware, Etc.

Is to be Seen at

JACQUES'

A Large and Fine Stock

JUST ARRIVED.

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS marked "For Mounted Police Provisions and Light Supplies," and addressed to the Honorable the Privy Council of the Privy Council, Ottawa, will be received up to Noon on THURSDAY, 14th MAY.

Printed forms of tenders, containing full information as to the articles and quantities required, may be had on application at Fort Macleod, Winnipeg, or any of the Mounted Police Posts in the North-West, or at the office of the undersigned.

No tender will be received unless made on such printed forms.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque for one quarter per cent amount equal to ten per cent of the total value of the articles tendered for, which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the service contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

No payment will be made to newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority having been first obtained.

FRED. WHITE,
Comptroller.

Ottawa, 2nd March, 1885.

THE HERALD.

Job Office has recently had a number of New Fonts and Borders added to it. We have now rom fast Presses and all the appliances necessary for the rapid execution of Plain and Fancy Printing.

Have a Look at the Outfit.

SURVEYORS.

McVITTIE BROS., D.L. Surveyors, Mining Engineers, Surveyors for British Columbia, Kamloops, &c., Calgary.

V. W. McVITTIE, D.L.S. THOS. F. McVITTIE, C.E

RANCHE CARDS.

A. C. SPARROW.

Range between Elbow River and Fish Creek.

J. D. Lauder.

Range—Elbow River. Address—Calgary. Vent—Bar under brand. 61-by

B. M. Godsall.

Range—Pine Creek. Address — Calgary, N. W. T. Horse brand—Same as on the left shoulder. Cattle brand—Bar sideways on right hip. Any horses, same on left hip. 78ly

Mount Head Ranche Co.

Range—Bluff River. Address—Calgary. Horse Brand—HL connected on left shoulder. **G. LEVINGE** Manager. Horses for sale. Herding and Yearling Belle for sale. 85

Military Colonization Co. of Canada, LIMITED.

Range—North bank of Bow River, west of Blackfoot Crossing. Address—Gleichen, C.P.R., N.W.T. Brands — Cattle, same on right hip. Horses, horse on left shoulder, also another hanging from horsemane R. Horse brand—Shield on left shoulder. Horses for sale. Apply to T. B. STRANGE

Stewart Ranche Company.

Ret 70—Pincher Creek, or Fort Macleod. Address—Fort Macleod N.W.T. Owners of cattle and horses branded 4 on left hip, and cattle Tu connected on right ribs. Ear marks—Right ear cropped, left ear underbit. Horse brand—SC on left shoulder. 24y

Mount Royal Ranche Company.

Range—Ghost River. Address — Calgary. Horse brand—A on left shoulder. Also owners of horses branded Anchor on left shoulder hanging from horsemane R on left shoulder. Vent—A on left hip. Cattle brand—III on left hip. A. P. PATRICK & FRANK WALSH Joint Managers.

BRITISH AMERICAN RANCHE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Vent—Inverted 9 on left hip. Range — Bow River, N.W.T. Address—Calgary, N. W. T. Well broken horses of all classes constantly for sale. Steers on hand at the ranch, which is a quarter of a section, and at other stations, to meet intending purchasers. Fancy team horses a specialty. W. D. KERFOOT Manager

Walrond Cattle Ranche.

North Fork, Old Man's River. P. O.—Fort Macleod, Alta. W. Frields, Local Manager. Wm. Bell, V.S., Clerk of the Ranche. Cattle branded, same on left hip. Ear marks—Slope slit on right ear. Dewlap slit under side, left ear. D. McEACHERN, 3-3y Managing Director, Montreal.

The Cochrane Ranche Company, Limited.

President, Hon M. H. Cochrane. Vice-Pres., James A. Cochrane. Treasurer, J. M. Browning. Cattle brand—C on left shoulder. Horse brand—Same as cattle brand on left shoulder. Also owners of cattle with double dew lap and horses with a C connected on right hip.

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Supplies," will be received at the office of the undersigned, Calgary, up to noon of

SATURDAY, 16th MAY,

for the supply of the following articles required for the Indian Department for the year ending 30th June, 1885:

Flour, Beef, Bacon, Tea, Sugar, Oatmeal, Rice, Tobacco, Soap, Potatoes, Prunes, Baking Powder, Pepper, Vinegar, Salt, Axes, Hoes, Spades, Shovels, Scythes, Rakes, Forks, Files, Hatchets, Hammers, Nails, Iron, Steel, Horseshoes, Horseshoe Nails, Waggon Material, Harness Leather, Harness Material, Harness Complete, Saddles, Bridles, Collars, Halters, Ploughs, Harrows, Waggons, Carts, Waggon Boxes, Cart Boxes, Sleighs, Sleigh Boxes, Scales, Weights, Grindstones, Cross-cut Saws, Mill Saws, Pit Saws, Rope, Twine, Canvas, Tents, Tent Poles, Tent Pegs, Stoves, Pipes, Elbows, Stove Boards, Stove Pipe Wire, Coal Oil, Lamps, Lanterns, Chimneys, Wicks, Candles, Soda, Matches, Blankets, Flannel, Cotton, Prints, Ticks, Shirting, Braces, Boots, Shoes, Moccasins, Socks, Mitts, Gloves, Hats, Caps, Clothing, Ready-made Clothing, Cloth, Tweeds, Overcoats, Underclothing, Braid, Thread, Needles, Pins, Buttons, Scissors, Thimbles, Tape, Ribbon, Fancy Goods, Combs, Looking Glasses, Razors, Razor Strops, Shaving Soap, Shaving Brushes, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Tooth Powder, Pocket Knives, Pocket Books, Pocket Combs, Pocket Mirrors, Pocket Scissors, Pocket Thimbles, Pocket Tape, Pocket Rules, Pocket Pencils, Pocket Pens, Pocket Ink, Pocket Paper, Pocket Envelopes, Pocket Stamps, Pocket Matches, Pocket Soap, Pocket Tooth Brushes, Pocket Tooth Powder, Pocket Hair Brushes, Pocket Combs, Pocket Looking Glasses, Pocket Razors, Pocket Razor Strops, Pocket Shaving Soap, Pocket Shaving Brushes, Pocket Hair Brushes, Pocket Tooth Brushes, Pocket Tooth Powder

Tail Riding.

A. G. McDonald, who has charge of the courier service between Gen. Strange's command and Calgary, has been doing some tail riding lately, having ridden 436 miles in 4 consecutive days carrying despatches.

Col. Smith's Troop.

A letter from one of the men in Col. Smith's troop states that half the steers have been left at Red Deer as Col. Smith is anxious to push ahead. The roads are described as in some places fearful. The mules sinking at every step and frequently occasioning great trouble to the men in extricating them.

Indian Generosity.

Perhaps the most ghastly piece of news which has yet been received concerning the Frog Lake massacre is that which was brought to Edmonton by an Indian named Wechak-win, who was an eye-witness of the massacre. His statement is that the Indian who shot Rev. Father Fafard was one who had been staying at the father's house all winter.

If this is true, as there seems no reason to doubt, it needs no comment. That the man above all who should have raised his hand to defend, in return for the hospitality received, should have been the one that murdered, is as atrocious an incident as has yet been reported. Indian treachery seems to be nonsuch.

Col. Ouimet,

It is understood that the 65th, Montreal battalion, will proceed to Fort Pitt after leaving Edmonton. Col. Ouimet, who feels his enforced inaction very keenly, is anxious to push on and join them, but the doctors will not hear of it. The Colonel is suffering from hemorrhoids, and Dr. Henderson thinks it would be dangerous for him to set out before a month. A consultation of physicians, including the one attending the troops, was held a few days ago, and the opinion seemed unanimous that all thought of the patient's going north for some weeks must be laid aside. He is very weak and can walk very little, and much less mount a horse.

We extend our hearty sympathy to Col. Ouimet in his misfortune, especially after the unjust attacks of which he was made a subject on account of it by the eastern press, and look to see his temporary imprisonment in the sick room presently ended.

What Crowfoot Said.

In 1883 several of the Blackfeet were taken ill with typhoid fever, and Crowfoot himself was down with it. Believing he was about to die, he sent for all his head men, and held a council with them. He said that there were no longer any buffalo to hunt, and that they were dependent upon the white people. He counselled them to live at peace with them, and never attempt to fight them, as such an attempt would end in defeat for them, they (the whites) were so numerous. They should always be loyal to their "White Mother" as it was to their interest to be so. Crowfoot recovered, and last summer, in company with the chiefs of the Bloods and Piegans, visited Winnipeg. He came back greatly impressed with the power of the whites, and said they could produce as many soldiers as there were blades of grass. Therefore Crowfoot will remain loyal, and the Crees, Bloods and Piegans will also remain loyal. The half-breeds are much more dangerous than the Indians. They are hardier and better shots.

Father Lacombe's Trip North.

Rev. Father Lacombe returned from the north on Friday last, having been on a visit to the Indians as far as Edmonton and St. Albert. He reported the Indians quiet at all these places. At Edmonton the whites seemed anxious and were eagerly awaiting the arrival of troops.

On his return journey, Father Lacombe met Gen. Strange and his party camped on the north side of Battle River. The troops seemed well and hearty. The second party under Capt. Pare were at Red Deer and seemed to have found the roads very bad. Crossing the river they had to use a small scow, the ferry not being ready. In order to freight the cannon and trams across, a big raft was built. Unluckily the rope broke in mid stream and the raft floated some distance down, when happily it was pulled ashore. Capt. Pare said he was pleased to command such willing troops.

The third party under Capt. Smith was met on Friday morning 50 miles north of Calgary. The redcoats crossing the prairie made a picture that the Rev. Father said he would not readily forget. The sun glinted on the bayonets and trappings and the men swinging along with long elastic strides aroused the picture of health and confidence.

At Bear Hill, Father Lacombe interviewed Ermine Skin and the other chiefs of the reserves. He explained to them why the soldiers were coming, and reproached them with the depredations they had committed and besought them to return the goods they had taken to the owners. He promised them that the government would presently remedy their grievances, if no bloodshed was committed and they repented for what they had done.

Father Lacombe has gone down to the Industrial school at High river to see how things have progressed in his absence. After that he intends paying another visit to the Blackfoot reserve.

The Blackfoot.

A Letter From Capt. Denny.

To the Editor of the Herald.

Sir,—I never saw the Indians working so well or so anxious to do what they are told, and can assure you that, whatever may happen in the north, the Blackfeet will remain quietly at work, and if any trouble takes place it will not be their fault, they are plowing and seeding and looking after their farms.

There are some Crees here and at Crowfoot, from Medicine Hat, but they came up on foot and are as much afraid of their own people north as the whites here. I shall however send them away from here in a few days, but do not intend to use anything but persuasion.

You will probably hear that some of Gen. Strange's horses were found drowned in a swamp; and probably it will be laid to Indians. The horses went privately into this muddy lake to drink and got sucked down, and then piled on each other. As it happened Mr. Christie and, as near as I can find out, all Gen. Strange's men were at Calgary at the time, instead of being looking after their stock,—except one man, named Cole; and probably they would not know to-day that their horses were drowned, had it not been for a Blackfoot who saw them and went and told them.

I am sorry to see that Mr. McLean has a sensational letter, re-Bloods, totally untrue. These are the letters that cause excitement in the east. Please contradict Mr. McLean's statement as I have been there since Mr. Pocklington and Capt. Cotton's interview with them, and they are quietly at work.

Yours Truly,
C. E. DENNY.

Blackfoot Crossing, May 1st.

The Rev. Mr. McLean resides at the Blood Reserve, and it is to be assumed knows more about the state of the Indians there than Mr. Denny who is, and has been for some weeks, many miles distant.

Two Miners Murdered.

The Victoria Times reports that two well-known British Columbia miners, William Kemp and M. Hilton, went to Kootenay about ten months ago and bought an outfit for the purpose of prospecting. They proceeded inward the first crossing of the Columbia river. Nothing more was heard of them till this past winter, when their horses were found in the woods, and also the skeleton of a man. Among his papers was a free miner's certificate bearing the name of Hilton. Mr. Kemp had, when he went out, a fine gold watch, and it is supposed that he had considerable cash on his person. There is little doubt but those men, deserving of a better fate, were foully murdered, as nothing has been heard of them since. It is said there are white men in that country who would kill a man for two dollars and a half. Mr. Hilton is an old Cariboite, and has been identified with some of the best claims in that country, and we are sorry that so worthy a pioneer should have met with such an end. The authorities ought to look into the matter.

Mark Twain on War.

When you leave a battle-field always leave it in good order. Remove the wreck and rubbish, and tidy up the place. However, in the case of a drawn battle, it is neither party's business to tidy up anything. You can leave the field looking as if the City Government of New York had hossed the fight. When you are traversing the enemy's country, in order to destroy his supplies and cripple his resources, you want to take along plenty of camp-followers. The more the better. They are a tremendously effective arm of the service, and they inspire in the foe the liveliest dread. A West Point professor told me that the wisdom of this was recognized as far back as scripture times. He quoted the verse. He said it was from the new revision, and was a little different from the way it reads in the old one. I do not recollect the exact wording of it now, but I remember that it wound up with something about such and such a devastating agent being as "terrible as an army of banners." I believe I have nothing further to add but this: The West Pointer said a private should preserve a respectful attitude to his superiors, and should seldom, or never, proceed so far as to offer suggestions to his General in the field. If the battle is not being conducted to suit him, it is better for him to resign. By the etiquette of war it is permitted to none below the rank of newspaper correspondent to dictate to the General in the field.

THE WEEK'S TELEGRAMS.

Thursday, 1 p. m.

WINNIPEG, April 30.—Gen. Middleton is still lying at Fish Creek awaiting supplies.

Telegraph lines north of Qu'Appelle have been down for two days, but are all right now.

The General does not know when he will advance. He expected the H. B. steamer Northcote, would have been down the river before this.

Cook, Ainsworth, Wheeler, Watson and Baker were buried yesterday, as were also the rebel dead. Ferguson's body has been sent back.

All are anxious to advance.

Mr. Hardisty has received a letter from Mr. McDougall, of Edmonton, stating that all is quiet there, on account of the proximity of the troops, who are arriving just in time to prevent a serious rising.

4 p.m

The men feel confident that if the rebels make another stand they will not let them escape. 3:54 time. The only discontented men in the camp are those who were too late for the fight.

Col. Irvine started out from Battle Albert on the 16th and was to have met us on the 19th, but when 12 miles out he met a courier with orders for him to return.

The Northcote is stuck fast in the South Saskatchewan, ten miles below the Elbow. She carries a gatling gun with ammunition and supplies. Gen. Middleton cannot move until these supplies are brought by the Northcote or teamed from the Elbow, a distance of 90 miles.

At the Fish Creek camp all the wounded are doing well, except Lieut. Swinford who is sinking fast.

Scouts report that none of the enemy are any where to be seen.

Settlers in Q'Appelle are excited over the uneasiness manifested by the File Hill Indians, and protective measures have been taken. No serious trouble is apprehended.

Saturday's Extra.

WINNIPEG, May 2.—There is nothing new in the situation. Lieut. Swinford died at 4.40 on Friday afternoon. It is intended to move the balance of the wounded to Clarke's Crossing. The General says he is waiting to be able to move the wounded, and for the steamer Northcote which is aground on the Saskatchewan at the Elbow, with a gatling gun and 80 days provisions on board. She draws 28 inches and there is only 24 inches of water in the river which is still falling.

Telegraph communication was established with the camp last night. No orders for advance have been given.

Word has been brought that the Indians at Qu'Appelle had left their reserves at Touchwood and File Hills, whether through fear of the troops or preparatory to a rising is not known. The settlers in their vicinity are very uneasy. Chief Factor McDonald, of the H. B. Co., has great confidence in the Indians in this neighborhood and does not think there is any danger, while others equally acquainted with Indian ways hold the opposite view.

The Quebec cavalry school corps under Lt. Col. Turnbull left here this morning for Touchwood.

Governor Dewdney proposes coming here to investigate matters.

The York Rangers, Simcoe Foresters and Winnipeg Cavalry are stationed here, the men being in good spirits and health. Extra precautions are still maintained, 100 men being kept under arms during the night with extra guards.

Father Lacombe returned from Edmonton and St. Albert last night. He reported the Edmonton people frightened and anxious to greet the troops. The half-breeds he does not think are exited, They would not fight against Riel, but they would resist marauding Indians. The Indians he found quiet.

Father Lacombe met Gen. Strange at Battle River, Capt. Pare at Red Deer, and Col. Smith 50 miles north of Calgary. All were doing well.

Monday's Extra.

WINNIPEG, May 2.—3d. Governor Aikins received a dispatch last evening dated Fish Creek, May, 1st, 9.52 p. m., from Gen. Middleton, in which he stated that the wounded left camp Friday morning for Saskatoon. He expressed annoyance at the non-arrival of the Northcote and said nothing about advance of the troops.

Chief Commissioner Wrigley yesterday received a dispatch from Gen. Laurie at Swift Current, stating that the water had risen 15 inches in the South Saskatchewan since Thursday. The General hoped that the Northcote had thus been enabled to get off.

The Minnow left on Thursday afternoon to take the surge as from the Northcote and go on to Clarke's. The soldier raftsmen would work the barges down stream, and take sufficient cargo from the Northcote to relieve all urgent wants at the front.

General Laurie hopes that a plan would yet be devised to use the river as a means for transportation.

Mr. Wrigley yesterday received advices from Prince Albert to the effect that all was well there up to the 30th. April. Their provisions were getting low, but there was not such scarcity as to cause great anxiety.

SAULT CURRENT, May 3.—Private Marois, Co. 4, 9th Batt., V.Q., died here this morning. His remains will be sent to Calgary. [Mass was celebrated all the camp this morning for the repose of his soul.]

May 4.—The wires are down and there is no further news from the north. The Northcote has been floated, and it is believed reached Clarke's Crossing last night.

Notice.

We wish to thank our numerous customers for past favours, and hope for a continuance of the same.

We also beg to inform the public that for the future our business will be run strictly on the cash principle.

All parties are invited to call and settle their accounts before the 1st day of June, or else they will be put into Court for collection.

The Alberta Laundry.

SEEDS.

Agricultural, Garden and Flower Seeds. Clover, Timothy and all varieties of grass Seeds. Calgary adapted Seed Grains.

FREE SEEDS!

Our Illustrated Catalogue and Wholesale Price List mailed free on applications.

R. R. KEITH & CO.,
P.O. Box 484. 479 Main street, WINNIPEG.
15-3m

Just Received a Large and Varied Stock of

--MEXICAN AND CALIFORNIAN GOODS!--

Comprising various styles of

BITS, SPURS, &c.

Which I am ordering at lower prices than any other establishment in the North West.

COMPETITION DEFIED

SADDLES.

A celebrated workman from Cheyenne is constantly employed building a superior article of Saddles to anything ever offered the public of this country. They are pronounced by experienced judges to be the best ever shown in the Territories. 63

J. COTTINGHAM, Stephen Avenue.

MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS R'Y
AND THE
"FAMOUS ALBERT LEA ROUTE."

Above is a correct map of the

ALBERT LEA ROUTE,

Which runs Solid Trains, Through Trains daily

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS TO CHICAGO,

connecting with all lines

EAST and SOUTHEAST.

Through Cars between

MINNEAPOLIS AND DES MOINES, Iowa.

Through Trains between

MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS,

Running in Under Ticket for all Points South and East. Close connections made with St. P., M. & M. Ry. at Duluth Junction, Minn. from and to all points West.

THROUGH TICKETS, Via this Line, can be obtained at all Coupon Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.

For Time Tables, Rates of Fare and Through Tickets, call on or address

S. F. BOYD,
Gen'l Pass. Ag't, Minneapolis.

J. F. McFARLANE.
Manitoba Agt, Dundee Block, Winnipeg

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MEDICAL HALL,

CALGARY

A. Henderson, M.D., & Co

CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.

A full line of

Pure Drugs and Chemicals
Veterinary & Patent Medicines
On Knuckleford from Montreal.

Parties at a distance can secure what they require by mail.

FOR THE MILLION!

Don't Read This!

But Keep Your Eye Open.

S. W. Trott,

Late of Winnipeg, has opened

Drug Store in Calgary.

A full assortment of Drugs and Chemicals.

PATENT MEDICINES,

Fishing Tackle, a most complete assortment

STATIONERY, CRICKET GOODS, ETC.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. Nearly opposite P.O., Stephen Av. 45

GEORGE MURDOCH,

Harness Manufacturer!

And General Dealer in

SADDLERY,

Pack Saddles, &c.

Atlantic Avenue, Calgary.

Repairing Promptly Attended to

I. S. FREEZE,

ATLANTIC AVENUE. - CALGARY.

IN STOCK

50,000 lbs. Potatoes, 25,000 lbs. Oats

Turnips, Green Apples and Onions.

COAL OIL.

----Wholesale and Retail.----

MURPHY & MARTIN,

Merchant Tailors and Dealers in

Gents' Furnishings, Hats, Caps and Ready Made Clothing.

ALL OF THE LATEST STYLES.

Suits Made to Order and Perfect Fit Guaranteed.

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Linton's Bookstore!

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Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobaccos, &c.

Wall Papers and Borders!

The latest Papers, Magazines, Novels Always on Hand.

James C. Linton,

2nd Door East of Royal Hotel.

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The Chicago & Grand Trunk Railway.
Will be seen by the following Map to be the most direct route between
Chicago and all Canadian Points.

Having no change of cars of any class between Chicago, Port Huron, Stratford and Toronto. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars from Chicago to Suspension Bridge, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and Montreal, and Pullman Sleeping Cars from Chicago to Portland, Maine, without change. This line is becoming the most popular route to all points East, via Montreal and down through the White Mountains; also via Niagara Falls, where its Cars run directly to the Falls, and where passengers have a full view of the Falls and Rapids. Also during the summer season passengers going East have choice of Boat or Rail on the St. Lawrence River, where nothing has excelled the line with the most beautiful Scenery on the American Continent.

W. J. SPICER, Gen. Manager.
GEO. B. REEVE, Traffic Manager.

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Passengers over the Royal Route have all the luxuries of Modern Railway Travel. Palace Dining Cars, luxurious Smoking Room Sleepers, and elegant Day and Night Coaches for Passengers who do not ride in Sleeping Cars, to and from Chicago. Cars for any Passengers between Minneapolis St. Paul and Chicago, also the change of Cars between St. Paul and Council Bluffs, will be made in Grand Union Depot, Chicago. Through Sleepers to Kansas City.

If you wish the best travelling accommodation always buy Tickets over

The Royal Route.

Send for copy of our new map Winnipeg to Halifax.

A. H. RINLAND, Gen'l Traffic Manager
T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Pass Agent St. Paul, Minn.

For Sale

Horse & Cattle Ranch

The entire Herds and property of the

Halifax Ranch Co.

Near Fort Macleod, N.W.T.

200 Breed Mares, Stallions, Suckers, including

50 selected Norman Percheron Mares.
6 " Stallions.

One of which is the well known imported Norman Colt Kiwa, weight 1,700 lbs., at 3 years old.

And the finest lot of Saddle Horses in the Territory.

1,200 Stock Cattle. 65 Herford Bulls.

It is expected the summer branding will add 250 calves to this herd.

Dair Waggons, cheap one Saddles and Harness, Horse Blankets, complete set Carpenter's Tools, all kinds of Implements, &c. 30 pine horse log and lease of 100,000 acres of the finest grazing lands. Apply to

C. E. Harris,
Manager, Fort McLeod.

Or J. E. Chipman, Calgary.

J. G. FitzGerald,

Auctioneer and Valuator.

STEPHEN AVENUE,

CALGARY.

J. G. Fitzgerald begs to inform his numerous friends, and the public generally, that he has commenced business as above, and hopes by close attention to business, and the prompt settlement of all accounts entrusted to him, to merit a full share of public patronage. 28

J. H. RODWAY & CO.,

Manufacturers and dealers in

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Sheet Iron and Copper Ware.

All kinds of

Roofing and Jobbing

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Shops—Section 15, opposite the P.O., and Atlantic Av. and McTavish St.

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First Class in all Departments.

Shaving, Shampooing and Hair Dressing done in first-class style.

Choice brands of Imported and Domestic Cigars

Large assortment of Razors, Brushes, Combs, Sponges, Hair Oil, and Perfumery of all kinds always on hand.

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Hot and Cold Baths at all hours. Satisfaction guaranteed. Tuesdays and Fridays specially for ladies. Millward's new building, next door to Star Bakery.

Mark Cuzner,
Proprietor.
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NOTHING LIKE LEATHER.

W. N. JOHNSTON & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

Leather, Findings, Lac, Hides & Oil.

Lace Leather a specialty. 12

8 LOGAN STREET WEST WINNIPEG

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Corrected List, April 30, 1885.

The following lands, west of the Fourth Principal Meridian, are open for settlement, entries to be made at the Land Office Calgary:

Range.	Townships.
1	9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 25, 26.
2	9, 10, 17, 18, 21, 24, 25, 26.
3	9, 10, 20, 21, 25, 24, 26.
4	9, 10, 18, 19, 20, 21, 24, 25, 26.
5	9, 10, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26.
6	9, 10, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 24, 25, 26.
7	9, 10, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 24, 25, 26.
8	9, 10, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 24, 25, 26.
9	9, 10, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 24, 25, 26.
10	9, 10, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 23, 24, 25, 26.
11	9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26.
12	9, 10, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 23, 24, 25, 26.
13	9, 10, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26.
14	9, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 25, 26.
15	9, 10, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 24, 25, 26.
16	9, 13, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22.
17	9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, w½24, w½25.
18	9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26.
19	13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 22, 24, 25, 26. 9, 10 all that part of 11 east of Little Bow, all that part of 12 north of Little Bow.
20	9, All that part of township 12 north of the Little Bow River 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, e½24, 25, 26.
21	7, 10, w½12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 23, 25.
22	10, 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 25.
23	8, 11, 16, 17.
24	11, 12, 16, 17, 19.
25	11, 12, 13, 17, 18, 19, 23, 24, 27.
26	11, 12, 13, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 36, 37, 38, 39.
27	13, 20, 24, 25, 26, 27, 36, 37, 38, 40.
28	9, 10, 20, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 36, 37, 38.
29	20, 27, 28.

West of the Fifth Meridian:

Range.	Townships.
1	37, 38.
2	39. All that part of 38 south of Elbow River, 27, 28.
4	24, 27, 28.

The Very Latest.

Inspector Dowling received a dispatch from Lt. Governor Dewdney last night stating that Otter had attacked Poundmaker and killed 100 of the Indians with a loss to himself of only 8 killed and 12 wounded. Col. Otter is still near the reserve, not having returned to Battleford as at first reported.

Major Brisbois

Major Brisbois who is now in Calgary on his way to join General Strange's forces in the north is an older Calgaryan than may be surmised. In fact Major Brisbois, then an officer in the Mounted Police, was one of the founders of Calgary, having established the police post here nine years ago under the direction of Col. McLeod Major Brisbois is at present serving in the militia as second in command to Gen. Strange of the forces in Alberta, having left his office in Minnedosa to take the position.

The Home Guard.

Word has come from Gen. Strange that he expects the various Home Guard organizations of Calgary, Pine Creek and High River to keep up constant communication and patrol the ranges in that part of the country. The guards on active duty will be paid $1 75 a day and their expenses and as the matter is certainly an important one, it is to be hoped it will be attended to.

Edmonton News.

Mrs. Delancy's Fate.

The Edmonton Bulletin reports that Mr. Delancy is said to have been sold to a half-breed from Duck Lake for a horse, and it is to be hoped that he purchased her for the sake of saving her from the Indians. On the other hand an Indian over a week ago, chaffing about the cowardice shown by the whites, said Big Bear had a white wife now, and that many others would soon have white wives.

BIG BEAR'S MACHINATIONS

The letter which caused the trouble at Saddle Lake was from Big Bear and not from Riel, and was addressed to Pa-Kan urging him to join Big Bear at Frog Lake, in rebelling against the whites. When Pa-Kan got the letter he replied: "This does not move me." Some time afterwards a second messenger arrived with a similar message and received a similar answer. Pa-Kan then went to Lac-la-Biche and held a council with the Indians there, the result being that they determined for peace. On the return of Pe-asis, the Beaver lake chief, who had been absent, a second council was held. Pa-Kan made another speech in favor of peace and concluded by stepping to one side and asking all those who were for peace to follow him, when the whole band did so. Pa-Kan then sent in two letters to agent Anderson notifying him of their determination and asking for supplies.

PEACEFUL INDIANS

Since the Indians heard that the troops were approaching their desire to resume farming is marvellous. The mere news produced a wonderful change in their behavior and language. The old-timers of both sexes who erstwhile made a living by bucking wood and doing other menial jobs, but who at the first sign of trouble painted their faces, stuck feathers in their hair and went round the stores picking out the objects they intended to loot when the fun commenced, have shown a desire to return once more to the woodpile. The Saddle lake Indians who under the able leadership of Pa Kan declared for peace, have succeeded in tracing all the depredations that were committed to one family. This probably means that the Saddle lake Indians will return to their reserves and that this special family will go north to the Peace river country. It may be found in the end that this dodge will be played by many of the bands. They will return to their reserves and protest that that the bad Indians who caused all the trouble have gone north. The Bulletin remarks that on Tuesday there was a general burnishing up of windows and rearrangement of goods among the store-keepers such as had not taken place since the first news of the Saddle lake outbreak. Also a general hunting up of caches and a returning of families and household goods to their accustomed places.

The School Board.

A special meeting of the School Board was held on Thursday evening. All the trustees being present.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From James McIntosh, position as teacher.

Acting Clerk N.W. Council, in reply to communication from Secretary.

From James McIntosh, position as Clerk and Collector.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE.

Messrs. Jarrett and Lougheed stated that they had rented the building at present used as school house, the upstairs to be fixed. Rent $20 per month.

The Secretary was instructed to advise Mr. McIntosh of previous appointment of teacher.

On motion of Messrs Lougheed and Peterson that the Secretary be instructed to advertise in The Herald for assistant teacher.

Messrs. Lougheed and Peterson—Whereas the Trustees were elected too late to strike rate and make demand on Town Council for their proportion of money for school purposes before the Council will complete Collector's Roll, therefore we proceed to assess whole School District.

Messrs. Lougheed and Peterson—That an assessor for school district, who shall act as agent of treasurer, for collection of rates, be appointed at a salary of $200 a year.

The application of Mr Fitzgerald for the position was received, and on motion of Messrs. Peterson and Lougheed, he was appointed.

The teacher was instructed to keep a list of resident and non-resident children, and report to the Board, with a view of charging fees, as provided in section 87 of Ordinance.

The Secretary was instructed to procure an assessor's roll.

General Strange.

General Strange's men ought to be nearing the fighting ground now. One of the most persistent, of the many rumors which are circulated in town is one to the effect that Big Bear will give Gen. Strange an engagement presently. It is to be sincerely hoped he will, for we believe the mounted men the General has with him is a division are about the best in the territories. Neither Gen. Strange nor Major Steele are the men to have any scruples about "firing first," if they come across the redskins. The other commanders of columns seem to have been hampered with instructions and scruples which it is believed the Alberta forces do not share in. So much the better. Rightly or wrongly the delay in advancing of Gen. Middleton and the inactivity of Col. Irvine are causing a feeling of contempt amongst our half-breed population and a mixed feeling of suspicion and resentment amongst the whites. If it is reserved for the Alberta column to break the spell and show some mettle and purpose it will be exceedingly gratifying to Calgary. With the exception of Otter's rapid march to the relief of Battleford, there has been nothing in the campaign so far to please anybody.

A Scarcity of Workmen.

The town carpenters say that hands are scarce, all the able-bodied nail-drivers having joined the scouts. This is probably due to an excess of patriotism since carpenters in Calgary command better pay than scouts.

Reception.

A reception is to be tendered the officers and men of the visiting troops now in town, to-morrow evening at the Skating Rink.

The Lock-up.

The municipal lock-up is rapidly nearing completion. It is in rear of the council chamber and seems an excellent building for the services required.

Rescued.

White Bertie VanWart was crossing the river yesterday evening she slipped off the ferry, and would certainly have drowned, had not Dr. Henderson pluckily sprang after her. Beyond being badly frightened the little Miss escaped without harm.

Lieut. Coryell.

Lieut. Coryell is being badly treated by the eastern press which refuses to believe there is a man with such a name in this country. They call him Covelle, Cayelle, and Carel and various other names. It is a shame to call a man names when he is engaged fighting the enemies of his country.

An Upset,

Mrs. Major Hurl and Mrs. Lougheed were thrown out of their carriage on Friday evening and both ladies received a number of serious bruises. The occasion seems to have been the playful antics of a backing horse which was carrying on, much to his rider's delight, in the centre of Stephen-ave where most passers-by were likely to be. In turning to avoid the brute, the ladies' carriage was upset with the result described.

Sitting Free the 52nd.

Two companies of the 9th. battalion have gone to Macleod to relieve that portion of the Winnipeg Light Infantry stationed there. As soon as the Gleichen and Macleod companies of the light infantry return to Calgary they will all proceed to join the rest of the battalion now on the road to Edmonton with Col. Smith.

Going to Edmonton.

Chief Factor Hardisty, of the H. B. Co. post at Calgary, has received instructions to go to Edmonton for the summer to take charge of the H. B. post there. The family will remain here as it is not yet known if the change is to be a permanent one. Mr. Hardisty is evidently selected to go to Edmonton on account of his experience in dealing with the Indians. We wish him a very successful journey and quick return.

Happy Settlers.

There is not much of an Indian scare among the Pine Creek settlers anyway. Major Walker has informed them that he has arms in abundance supplied by the government for their use, but their answer is to the effect that they will not take them unless they are paid for the trouble of freighting them from Calgary to Pine Creek. As it is not a matter of much concern to the Major whether they take them or not they will probably remain in the office of the Bow River Mills for the present.

PERSONAL.

Dr. Sweat, of Beaver Creek, is in town.

Mr. Bowen, manager for I. G. Baker & Co., is expected by to-day's train.

Rev. Mr. Fagny, Chaplain of the 9th Battalion, has just received intelligence of the death of his father at Quebec.

O. G. Dennis, manager of the Healy Mine, of Silver City, has come down from the mountains with the intention of going to the front.

Among the members of the 9th Battalion are Charles Rebillard, assistant editor of LeCanadien and L'Evenement; Capt. L. F. Pinault, correspondent for L'Electeur Quebec; Capt. N. LeVasseur, correspondent for LeNouvelliste, Quebec.

Dr. Tracy, of Belleville, who is in charge of the hospital corps at this point reports a hospital full of patients just now. In fact the men are just beginning to feel the effects of the hardships they have passed through, and the Doctor has his hands full. Two of the medical staff have gone north with Col. Smith.

The Weather.

From the Dominion Meteorological Observatory, Calgary—A. T. Armour, observer—for the week ending Wednesday, day 6th:

	Thermometer.		Mean Barometer, In.
	Lowest.	Highest	
Thursday.....	36	63	29.9
Friday.....	28	69	29.9
Saturday.....	38	73	29.9
Sunday.....	34	74	29.7
Monday.....	44	70	29.6
Tuesday.....	44	72	29.7
Wednesday...	38	59	30.1

The P. O.

To the Editor of The Herald.

Sir—I hear it rumored that our new Postmaster intends to remove the Post Office from its present central, and very convenient situation, to the neighbourhood of his own business premises.

I trust the report is not true, as the removal of the office to such a distance from the centre of the town, would be exceedingly inconvenient to the business public.

ENQUIRER.

The Half-breed Commission.

To the Editor of the Herald.

Sir—On Saturday last small posters were circulated through the town, stating that the Commissioners appointed to enquire into the half-breed claims would be in Calgary on the 8th and 9th of May,—Friday and Saturday next. That is all the notice that has been given, I believe, and all the information conveyed.

I should like to know how the half-breeds (many of whom reside out of town and will not see the posters) are to know when and where, they are to present their claims and in what form? For there is not the slightest intimation given, as to the nature of the proof required.

I presume, although it is not so stated, that the proof required will be, the affidavits of the claimant, and of two neighbors, and I am afraid that in the present disturbed state of the country this in many instances will be very difficult to get, as so many men are away to the front teaming or as scouts or volunteers. With such short notice and only two days allowed for the sitting of the Commissioners here, it will be impossible for a quarter of the claims to be presented.

The Commissioners are also empowered I understand to deal with the claims of white settlers. That is to receive evidence and forward it to the Land Board at Winnipeg. As there are many of these in the neighborhood of Calgary, it will be utterly impossible to present them in time specified. your &c.

One Interested

May, 6th

Steel needles, delicately suspended, even if not magnetic to begin with, will become magnetized from the action of the earth.

To get married before breakfast is generally regarded as an evil omen, and an observant Iowa man says trouble and misery will surely come after fifteen years of married life thus contracted.

Among the military titles of the Prince of Wales is that of honorary colonel of the ancient and honorable artillery of Boston, Mass.

R. H. Hunt, formerly of Preston, Ont., is the head of the Automatic Loan Co., of San Francisco, a concern just incorporated with a capital of $1,000,000.

The Japanese are great bathers, using such hot water that fatal syncope is an occasional consequence. With them bathing is a sensuous luxury. Their neighbors, the Chinese, get inside as much clothing as possible, and are never seen in the streams in which their country abounds bathing or swimming. To go barefoot, except from dire necessity, is with them indecent. The Malays and the natives of Aden are many of them scarcely less than human ducks. A bit of silver cannot reach the bottom of the sea before they have it. The Hindoos and Brahmins bathe—especially in the Ganges—as a religious exercise, smearing the body with oil first, if their can afford it.

☞ The best Table in Town at the American House.

☞ Board seven dollars per week at the American House.

☞ Meals at all hours at the American House.

☞ For a Beef Steak "Spanish" go to the American House.

☞ Twenty-one meal tickets for $7 at the American House.

☞ Square meals all round at the American House.

☞ Oyster Suppers at the American House.

☞ Hats! Hats! Of every style, and Variety—See them at Rankin & Allan's.

REILLY'S PORTABLE HOUSES !

Settlers' Cheap and Comfortable Homes.

Built under a new patent. The benefit of being to have the minimum of work done where built is saved—and the minimum of store room of. All sizes and at very low prices. Address

J. REILLY,

WINNIPEG, Man.

Notice.

We wish to thank our numerous customers for past favours, and hope for a continuance of the same.

We also beg to inform the public, that for the future only business will be run strictly on the Cash principle.

All parties are invited to call and settle their accounts before the 1st day of June, or else they will be put into court for collection.

The Alberta Laundry.

SEEDS.

Agricultural, Garden and Flower Seeds. Clover, Timothy and all varieties of grass seeds. Carefully selected home grown.

FREE SEEDS !

One Illustrated Catalogue and Wholesale Price List mailed free on application.

R. R. KEITH & CO.,

P.O. Box 491. 473 Main street, WINNIPEG.

73-3m

LIVERY AND STAGE

Livery, Feed & Sale Stable.

The subscriber desires to intimate to the public that he have leased

Glen's Stable, Stephen Avenue,

And will keep constantly on hand the very best Hay and Grain.

Good Stylish Rigs,

with or without drivers, furnished at reasonable rates. 42

J. H. Cummings & Co.

PACIFIC!

Livery, Sale and Feed Stable.

--Stephen Avenue--

A. G. McDONALD, Proprietor.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

Passenger and Express

BETWEEN

Calgary and Fort McLeod.

Leaves Calgary on Tuesday and Friday at 8 a.m.

Leaves Fort McLeod on Tuesday and Friday at 8 a.m.

For further particulars apply to

KING & COMPANY,

Agents, Calgary.

WINDER & COMPANY,

17 Agents, Fort McLeod.

THE STALLION

RATTLER

Will stand for mares this season at River's Ranch, Bow River.

Rattler is of trotting stock, record 2.45, by Rattler sire and Morgan dam; stands 16 hands; 10 years old this spring.

Rates—one service $10, two $15. Special rates for a small band. Will insure all mares known to be breeders.

W. F. RIVERS

Beef, Beef, Beef !

WHOLESALE.

I am prepared to furnish CHOICE BEEF, by the car load or carcass to all parts of the North West Territory, on the line of the C. P. R.

AT REASONABLE RATES !

A. C. SPARROW,

Wholesale Butcher, 20

Calgary, N.W.T.

A. P. SAMPLES & CO.,

Dealers in

LIVE STOCK !

of all descriptions. Will buy, sell or exchange

Stock or Beef Cattle

in large or small quantities.

Will contract to deliver cattle from Montana ranges, or horses or cattle from any eastern markets to stockmen of the North West.

Have re-opened

Meat Market on Stephen Avenue, One Door West Martin Brothers.

And will furnish Beef and other Meats in season, Wholesale and Retail, at lowest rates.

All orders from parties along the C.P.R. will receive prompt attention.

CASH PAID FOR HIDES.

FOR SALE !

The Stewart Ranche Company

Offer for sale

35

Pack Horses

For information apply to

JOHN HERRON,

73-3m Stewart Ranch, Pincher Creek.

THOROUGH-BRED STOCK FOR SALE.

The undersigned has just received from the east with a carload of well bred stock, among which will be found the following celebrated Short Horn cows:

Victoria, No. 1578, C.S.R.

Roan. Calved Feb. 20th, 1880. Bred by Samuel Y. Shenk, near Berlin, County of Waterloo. Got by Eldridge Duke, [995].

Dam Bounty, by Zorro, [246].

Rosette, by Duke of the Valley, [1905].

Camelia, by Prince Alfred, [358].

Florence, by Waterloo, [853], [1649, (21125).

Strawberry, by Prince Albert, [345], 3282.

Bracana, by Young Forrester, 82.

Beauty, by Bellisle, [72], 80, by Comet, [389], 6078.

Eldridge Duke was bred by Peter Straffer, Blenheim, Co. Oxford.

May be seen at the stables of Bain Bros.

R. E. McGREGOR.

LIVERY, SALE AND FEED STABLE,

ATLANTIC AVENUE,

NEXT THE

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL.

Special Attention given to feeding stock.

BAIN BROS.

87-1

BUILDING MATERIAL.

Lumber, Lath, Shingles,

Doors, Windows and Builders' Supplies.

Douglas Pine

EQUAL TO OAK.

Bow River Mills OFFICE.

Stephen Avenue, Calgary.

FLOORING, SIDING, CEILING, MOULDINGS.

Douglas Pine

EQUAL TO OAK.

James Walker

Farmers!

Ranchers

BUY YOUR

Barbed Wire

AT

ROGERS & GRANT'S.

THE NIMBLE SIXPENCE !

is Better than the Slow Shilling.

I. G. Baker & Co.

Will demonstrate the Truth of this Mottoe to all

Bargain Hunters in the District.

We want all the Ranchers, Settlers and Dealers

To Take Advantage of this SALE!